

Levels and checkpoints

The levels for *Test case design* are typified as follows:

- **Controlled**: The test cases make the test execution repeatable and person independent.
- Efficient: Designing test cases that focus on achieving a specific coverage provides a justified elaboration of the test strategy.
- Optimizing: Evaluation of test cases, test design techniques and defects provides a way to increase test effectiveness.

Please find the checkpoints below.

Controlled

- 1. The test cases are recorded on a logical level.
- 2. The test cases consist of a description of: a) initial situation, b) change process = test actions to be performed, c) predicted result.
- 3. The test cases provide insight into which part of the test basis, describing a specific system behavior, is subject to the test.

Efficient

- 1. The test cases are understandable to and maintainable by peers within the test organization.
- 2. The coverage level of the test basis as reached by the test cases is known.
- 3. Formal test design techniques are used to design test cases.
- 4. Checklists are used for the testing of quality characteristics for which no test cases can be designed.

Optimizing

- 1. Defects that occur in the next phase (the next test level or production) are being analyzed, leading to improvements in the accuracy and effectiveness of test cases.
- 2. Test cases are checked and evaluated independently on validity and maintainability.
- 3. The test design techniques are evaluated and adjusted for further re-use.

(Source: "TPI Next, Business Driven Test Process Improvement" ISBN 9072194977)

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